

بررسی نگرش بیماران مبتلا به سرطان و همراهان آنها نسبت به بیران بیان حقایق به بیماران بیماران بیماران بیران میان حقایق به بیماران

Attitude of cancer patients and their families toward truth telling in Iran

Mahdi AGHILI

Medical Ethics and History of Medicine Research Centre
Tehran university of medical sciences

Introduction

Cancer ranks as the third leading cause of death worldwide, accounting for approximately 12% of all

recorded deaths

Cancer is sometimes fatal and its treatment often involves invasive medical procedures and medication, it has a great

impact on patient's lives

Previous studies show that patients cancer diagnosis is not routinely disclosed in many cultures

relatives usually exclude the patient from truth telling, in order to:

-protect them from psychological distress

-family's request

-don't some patients want to be inform

According to the recent studies there was a strong wish for disclosure of cancer among the patients

IMIETIHODS &

PATTENTS

This is a cross-sectional

survey on 250 cancer

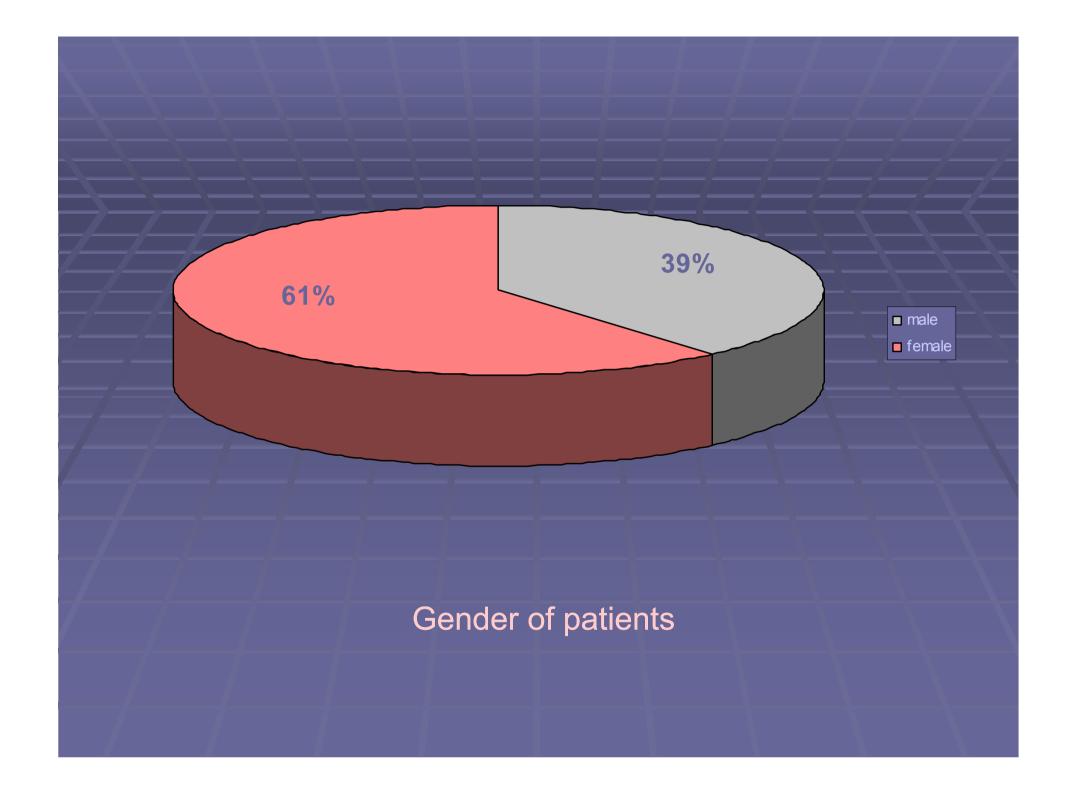
patients in the cancer

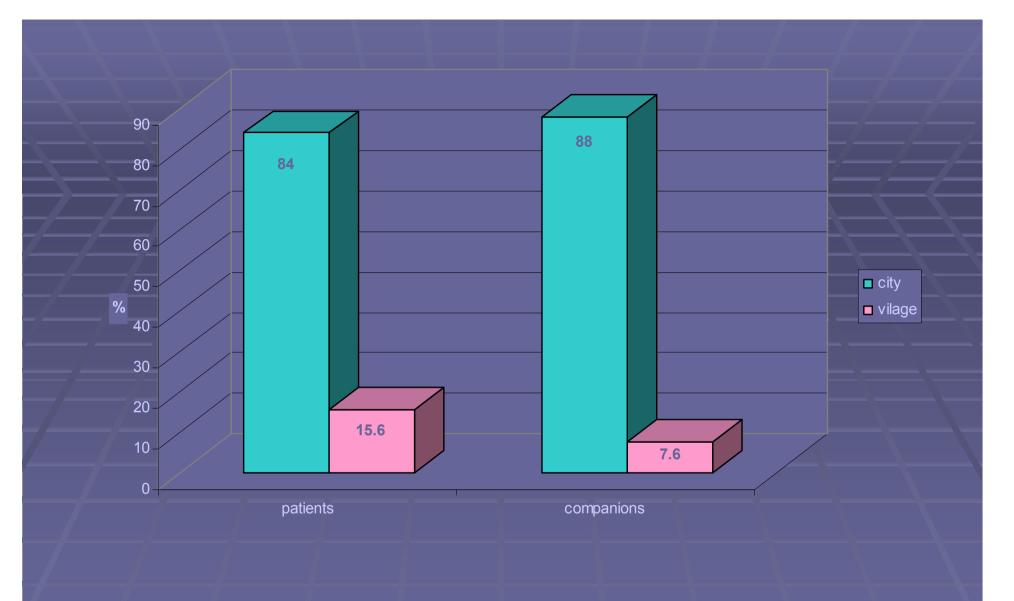
institute of imam hospital

The interviewers were physicians and nurses specifically trained in interviewing skills.

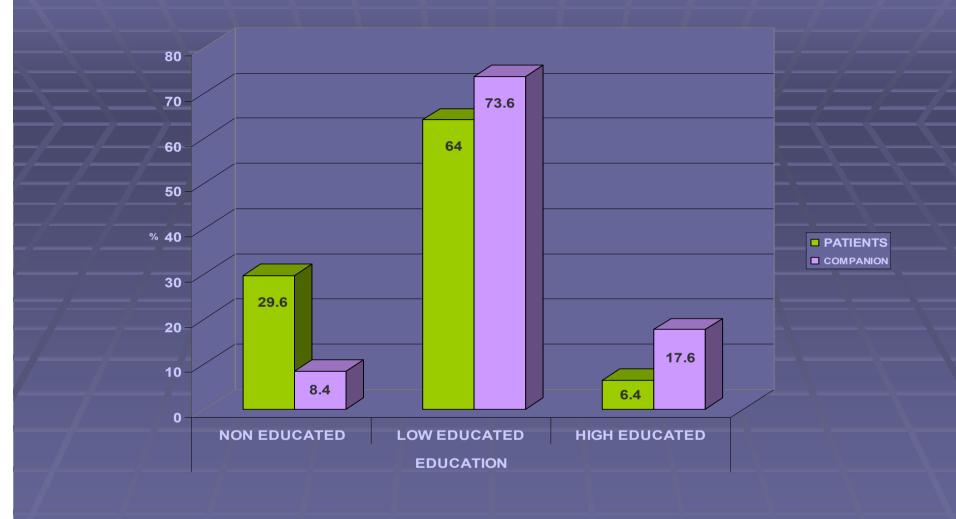
The questionnaires answered with face to face interview with patients and companions from patients family members separately

FINDINGS

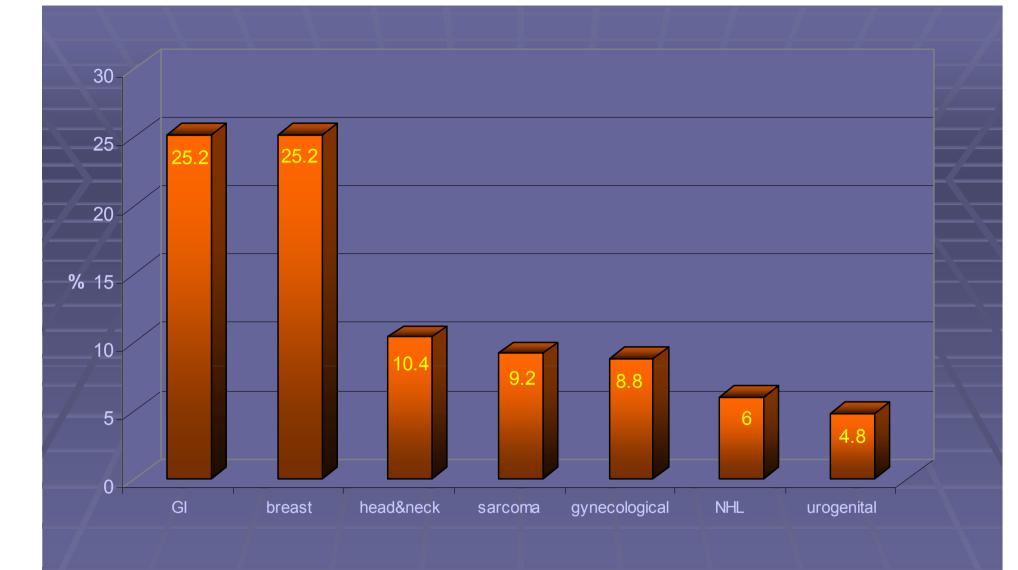




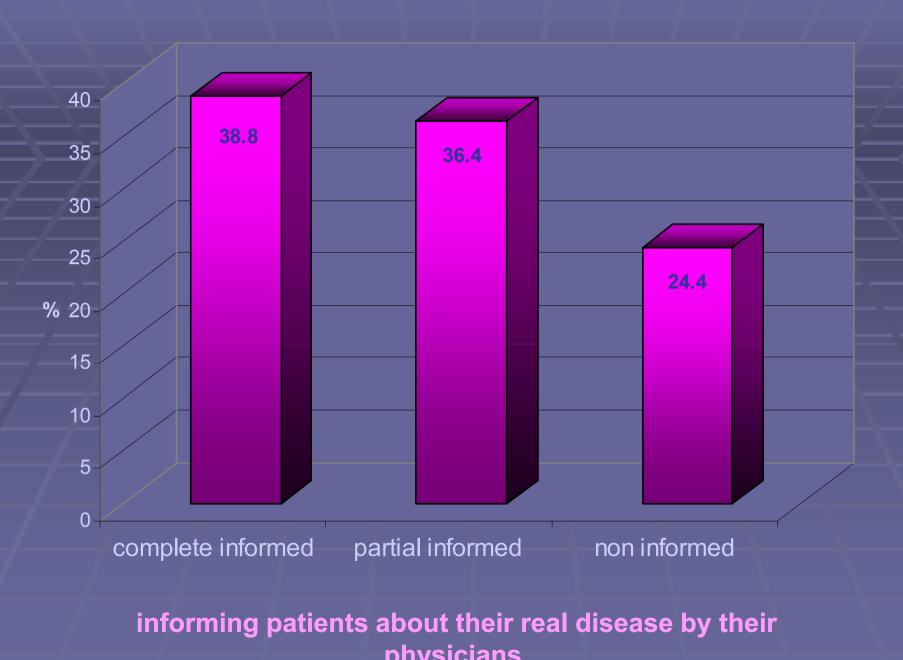
Participants habitancy



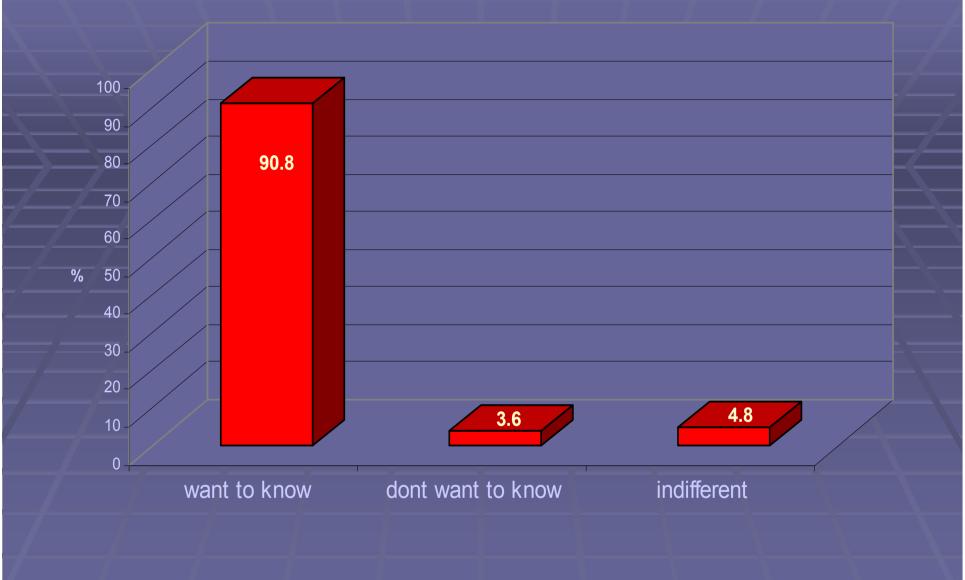
Education level of patients and companions



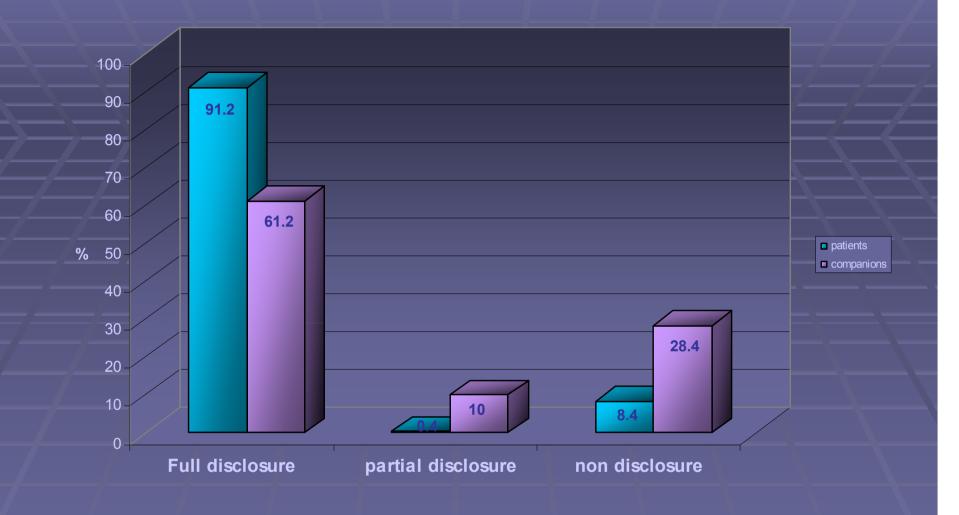
Site of primary cancer



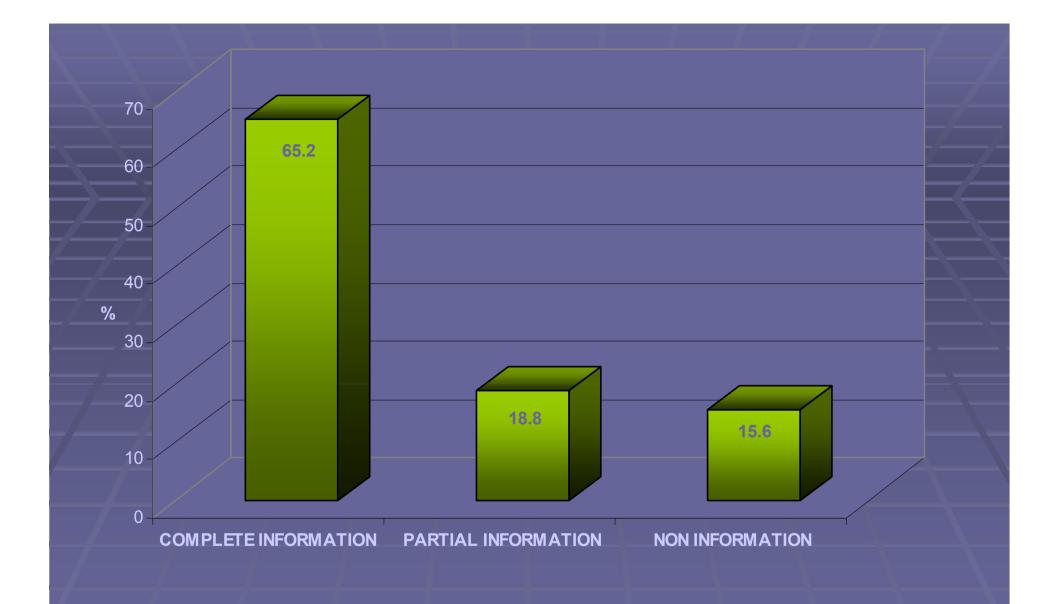
physicians



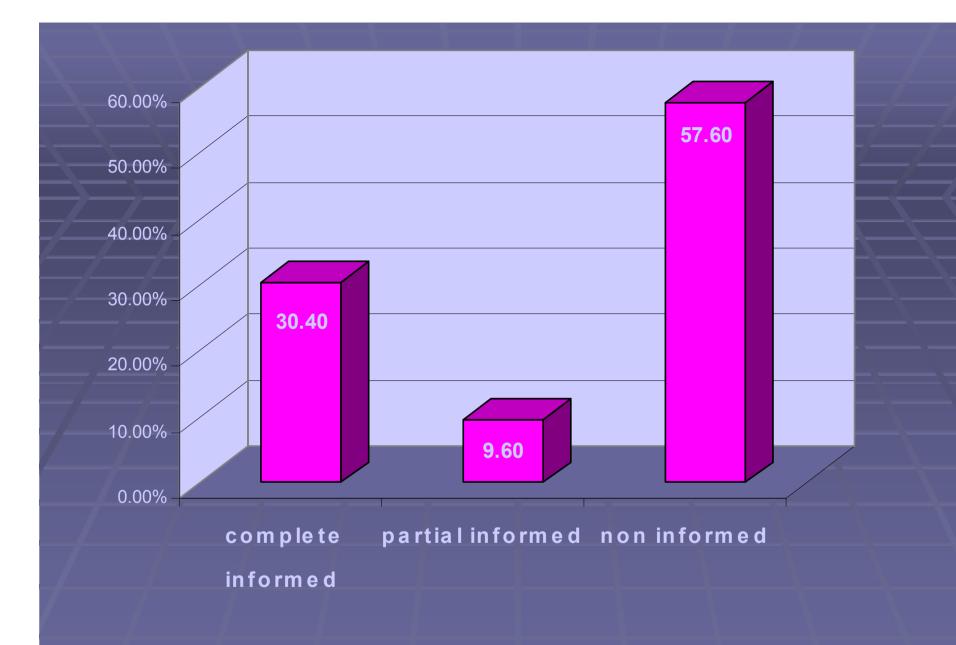
patients tendency for know the diagnosis



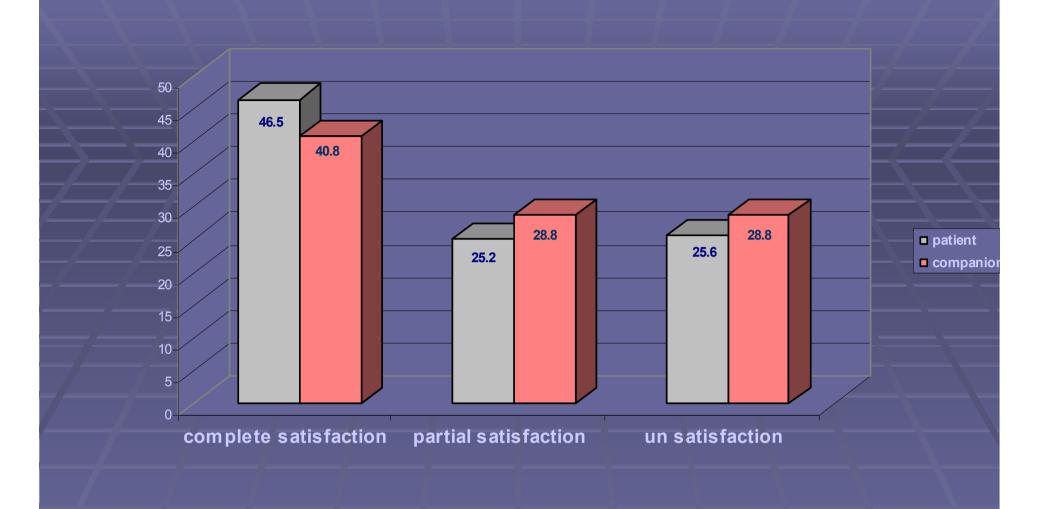
disclosure preferences in patients and families



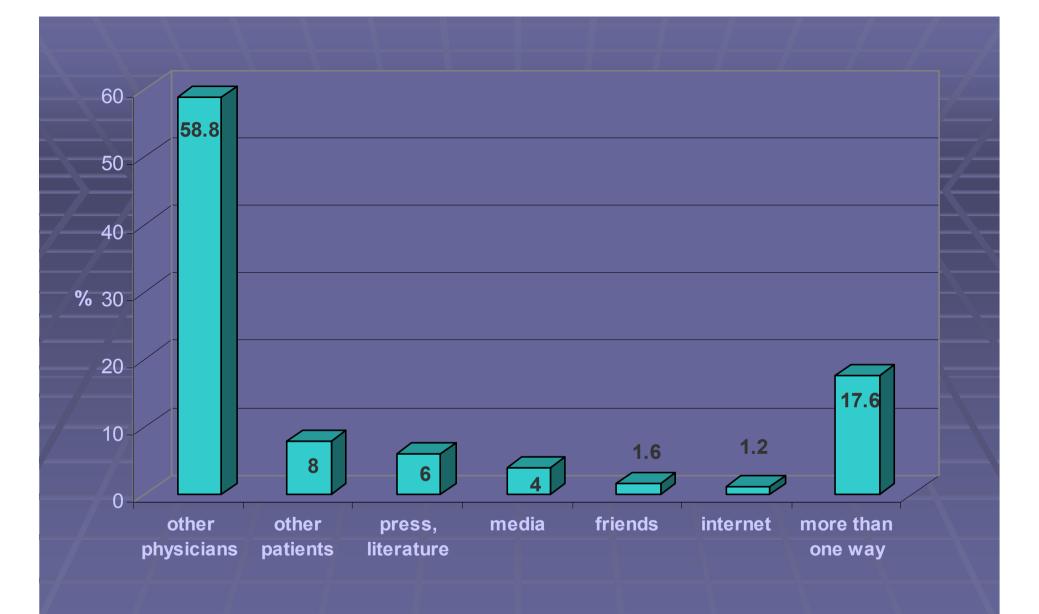
Rate of patients information about treatment methods



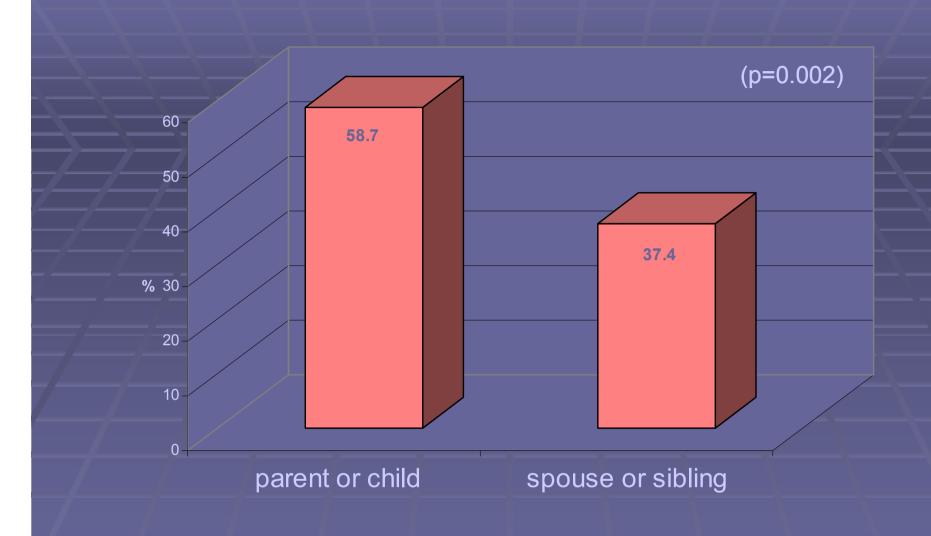
Rate of patients information about treatment complications



Rate of satisfaction among patients and relatives



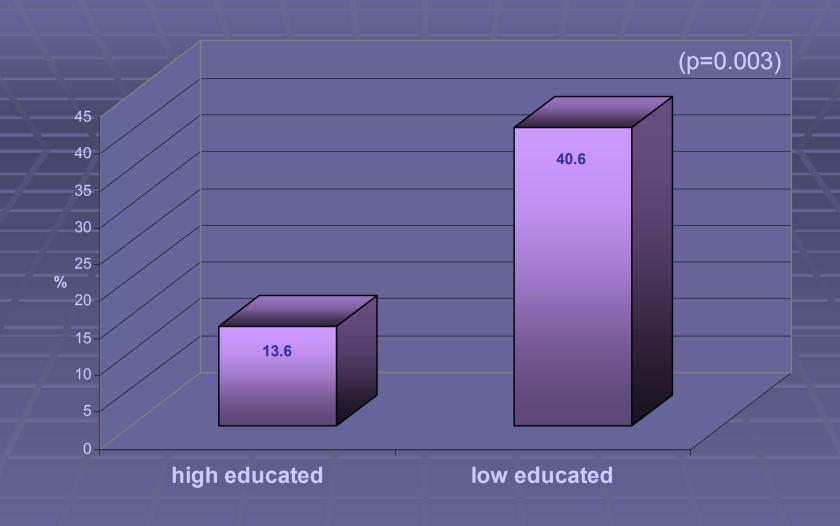
Patient's preference ways to get information (other than their physician)



Tendency for get companions permit to tell the truth



Tendency for get companions permit to tell the truth



Believing that the disclosure decrease treatments results
Between companions with different educational level

141 family members (from 250)that think

patients are not right to know the truth

don't want to be informed, truth.

• 57.7% of family members who believed for getting permission to tell the truth to patient if they affected by cancer in the future want to get permission from their to inform to their family members 34.5% of companion of 226 pts who wanted to inform completely believed that disclosure may decrease treatment results and 60% believed cancer disclosure with details could increase treatment results Our findings indicated that most patients and family members want to be informed about diagnosis, while some of them achieved this aim

We suggests that physicians should respect the patients and their family standpoint

because patients have the right

to know about their own

condition

